REVIEW



on a dissertation for obtaining the educational and scientific degree "Doctor" in: field of higher education 3.0. «Social, economic and legal sciences», professional field 3.8. "Economics", scientific specialty - "Organization and management of production (agriculture and sub-industries)"

Author of the dissertation: Jevdet Fehmi Bushi, PhD student at the Department of Management and Marketing at the Agricultural University, Plovdiv

Dissertation topic: Development of economic sustainability of vineyards in Kosovo

Reviewer: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Kamen Dimitrov Petrov - University of National and World Economy 3.7. "Administration and Management", scientific specialty National Economy (Geoeconomics and Regional Development) by order of the Rector of AU.

1. Brief introduction of the candidate.

Doctoral student **Jevdet Fehmi Bushi** studied for a doctoral program in Organization and Management of Production (Agriculture and Subsectors) "at the Department of Management and Marketing at the Faculty of Economics at the Agricultural University" in part-time study.

From the presented materials on the dissertation it is evident that doctoral student Jevdet Fehmi Bushi has solid practical experience in public administration and in the economic sphere. The positions and responsibilities held show a wide range of competencies that reveal his broad culture, organizational and social experience. The individual plan is executed accurately and correctly. The dissertation is presented in time for consideration and opening of a defense procedure.

2. Relevance of the problems.

My assessment, as a reviewer, is that the topic of the dissertation is determined by the conscious modern understandings of the imposition of the sectorial approach in the development of agriculture in countries seeking developmental development. In particular, the attempt to develop viticulture in Kosovo is a complex and difficult issue that shows the research courage of the dissertation. It is undoubtedly backed by the expansion of vine culture in Kosovo in recent years. A model of development has been imposed through the adaptation of varietal compositions in order to produce high q I accept that the topic has its relevance and importance for the socio-economic development of certain territories in Kosovo, where the model of development of vineyards is appropriate, and the opportunities to develop separate branches of agriculture, and from there for the processing and trade in the products of the vineyards. The quality grapes and develop economically sustainable vineyards. This highlights options for the future development of the wine industry in countries such as Kosovo.

It should be emphasized that the development of the chosen topic requires in-depth theoretical training and good analytical skills. Thus, the doctoral student's attempt to direct the research to the theory, methodology and practice of viticulture is a methodological approach for analysis and assessment of the level of economic sustainability of farms with different specialization and intensification.

The dissertation is a coherent, logical and in-depth study, which consists of an introduction, three chapters and a conclusion, located on 122 pages, used literature and appendices. The study is illustrated with 14 figures and 16 tables and 3 appendices. 142 literature sources are cited.

It is important to note that, in general, such a study on viticulture is met with the need to capture a number of trends. First of all, this is a business with a higher degree of risk, in which not only the natural resource potential but also the active economic activity, which must have its added values, have a significant impact. Improving the management and business environment in Kosovo's viticulture is a challenge, which means creating a tradition and gaining experience in grape production and efficient processing.

Thus, viticulture can in practice have an impact on sustainable management and local socio-economic development. This shows that it is necessary to take into account the assessment and analysis of viticulture in its inclusion in the economic activity of the country by finding strategic approaches to serve this specific share of agriculture. Thus, the research thesis is set to what extent the improvement of the organization of viticulture management can influence the formation of the image of local development. This regional focus further enhances the dissertability of the topic. That is why I believe that the dissertation research is relevant and can contribute to the development of Kosovo's agriculture.

3. Purpose, tasks, hypotheses and research methods.

The stated goal is focused on the need to assess the economic sustainability of vineyards in Kosovo and on this basis to develop guidelines for its improvement.

To achieve the main goal of the dissertation, the author has set several research tasks, among which the following stand out:

- 1. Clarification of the nature and content of the vineyard as a system resistant to the influence of the environment;
- 2. Clarification of the essence of economic sustainability as an element of effective management of the vineyard
- 3. Development of methodological approaches and methodology for studying the economic sustainability of the vineyard;
- 4. Establishing the state and trends in the development of the main factors for the development of the economic sustainability of the viticulture.

The subject of the study is the economic sustainability of vineyards located in the territory of the Administrative District of Kosovo.

The object of the study are the vineyards in the Administrative District of

Kosovo. An agricultural holding is considered to be an agricultural holding in which at least 50% of the cash income from its activity is generated as a result of the production of grapes and / or grape products.

The subject and the object of research are correctly defined and give the opportunity in the later stage of the dissertation research to perform an objective analysis of the problem and to formulate correct conclusions and recommendations. In the study, the vineyard is perceived as a production and economic system, which is why a systematic approach is applied in its research and analysis.

In the dissertation research, the doctoral student analyzes and evaluates the experience gained through the processing of empirical information using the specialized software product SPSS and statistical package of MS Excel. We can assume that through the methodological apparatus thus selected, the doctoral student has revealed the objective reasons determining the condition of the object of the dissertation research.

The research methodology includes a qualitative method for data collection, analysis of processes and their interpretation in the separate parts of the dissertation research.

4. Visualization and presentation of the obtained results.

The dissertation is 122 pages long, but given the small experience in viticulture in the administrative district of Kosovo, it is satisfactory. We can assume that the work is structured correctly and the goal and tasks set in the dissertation are achieved. In each of the three chapters, the respective tasks are followed consistently, clearly and with understanding, and their solution is presented. The research methodology corresponds to the dissertation and corresponds to a similar type of development. The figures, diagrams and tables used present in detail the information gathered from the study.

The work has a highly emphasized character of completion and is essentially dissertable. As a general assessment, we can accept with a high degree of validity that the research and analysis of them can help economically active people and the public sector to make strategically correct decisions for the development of viticulture in the Administrative District of Kosovo. Moreover, in my opinion, generalized views, conclusions and recommendations by the author in connection with the issues discussed in the dissertation are presented in good order.

5. Discussion of the results and used literature.

The dissertation consists of an introduction, three chapters and a conclusion. The subject, the object of research, the goals of the research are clearly formulated. The content follows the logical scheme: definitions, significance and problems related to viticulture in Kosovo and increasing the competitiveness of wine enterprises, which are important economically active persons in the production of wines and other grapes of economic importance.

The achievements in the first, second and third chapters give grounds for the conclusion that there is a good knowledge of the analyzed object, as well as the ability of the doctoral student to perform scientific and practical research and analysis of various nature and tools. In its entirety, its work reaches the goal of the study. A systematic-methodological review of viticulture in Kosovo was made, and discussion theoretical and practical problems on the topic of the research were presented. On the basis of theoretical generalizations and formulations the basic concepts used in the dissertation are specified.

A topical problem related to the management of economically active persons in the field of viticulture in the Administrative District of Kosovo is analyzed and a methodology for the development of the economic activity of enterprises in the wine sector and their more diverse economic activity is proposed. An assessment and analysis of the current legal and institutional framework, the state policy and visions for the development of the wine sector in Kosovo has been made. In the conclusion of the dissertation the concrete results of the scientific research are presented.

In my opinion, the goal of the development has been successfully completed and the practically realized tasks allow formulation of contributions of scientific and applied nature.

The list of used literature includes The list of used sources includes a total of 142 sources. The selection of the literature reflects the author's awareness of the issue, her efforts to get acquainted with the creative pursuits of a wider range of specialists in the field of viticulture and its development as an industry.

6. Contributions to the dissertation.

In my opinion, in the dissertation the dissertation has formulated contributions with which it has truthfully assessed the results of the conducted research. In practice, the 4 contributions of the dissertation are related to the derivation and proof of the tasks set in the introduction. The doctoral student managed to formulate them well in the conclusion of his work. However, I believe that in the work there are certain statements, ideas and proposals that can be assessed as contributions of scientific and practical nature, but are not derived by the author. In conclusion, I accept the doctoral student's claims for the contributing moments in his dissertation. In general, their style of description is acceptable.

7. Critical remarks and questions.

I have no serious critical remarks on the work of the doctoral student. For me in general, it was of scientific interest to trace the possibility of how the wine industry would develop in Kosovo, I admit that this work convinced me that viticulture can find a successful field of application there. Of course, I would like to recommend to the doctoral student to continue his research in this field in order to look for the connections and dependencies in the views he presents and the results of practice that most consistently prove the scientific assumptions.

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The development of viticulture in Kosovo may be a prerequisite for the accumulation of new concrete practices to analyze the possibility of creating a regional economy based on one or more sub-sectors in agriculture. I believe that the perception of the authors of these would be more clearly expressed and respectively easier to perceive, if the dissertation is freed from some deviations on side issues for the purpose of the study.

I recommend the doctoral student to discover the development of scientific publications of authors close to the topic of his research, with which the analysis of a problem can be considered and respectively solved from different points of view, as well as further focused. On the other hand, due to its topicality and significance, the dissertation research will probably arouse reasonable interest, especially among specialists, which is why I recommend its publication.

These notes and recommendations do not diminish the merits of the study.

8. Published articles and citations.

From the submitted documents for review materials I received the following author's publications that correspond to the procedure. The abstract accurately and completely reflects the content of the dissertation. The theoretical bases, the methodical apparatus, the obtained results are presented, and the contributions of the dissertation are formulated.

CONCLUSION:

Based on the learned and applied by the doctoral student Mr. Jevdet Fehmi Bushi, different research methods, correctly performed experiments, summaries and conclusions, I believe that the presented dissertation meets the requirements of ZRASRB and the Regulations of the Agricultural University for its application, which gives me reason to rate it POSITIVE. In the dissertation I found original, current and significant scientific and applied achievements, which represent a contribution to the development of viticulture and regional economic development of the Administrative District of Kosovo.

I believe that the topicality of the problem, the theoretical level of the research, the methodology used for analysis, the results and contributions achieved and their practical orientation, give me reason to vote "Yes" and to propose to the esteemed Scientific Jury to vote positively and award Mr. Cevdet Fehmi Bushi educational and scientific degree "Doctor" in the scientific specialty "Organization and Management of Production".

City of Sofia 15.01.2021

Signature: .k (Assoc. Prof. Dr. Kamen Petrov)